### The North Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention



# 2008 Annual Report

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The North Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

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#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION 1801 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH, NC 27699-1801

#### BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE GOVERNOR

LINDA WHEELER HAYES SECRETARY

April 1, 2009

Dear Friends of Youth:

It is with a sense of accomplishment that we at the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention present our 2008 Annual Report, building on the successes of the past while developing innovative solutions to move us forward in providing quality services and programs.

This year's report highlights a number of achievements attained by the Department including a decrease in juvenile crime for the second straight year, reaching an eight year low, and the opening of four therapeutically-designed replacement youth development centers. We attribute these positive results to the dedication and diligence of our staff and community partners who work tirelessly to fulfill our mission to promote public safety and juvenile delinquency prevention, intervention, and treatment through the operation of a seamless, comprehensive juvenile justice system.

The immediate future presents a number of challenges to our providing this seamless, comprehensive system as both the state and our Department face tight budgets and greater social stress due to economic hardships experienced by North Carolina's families. These difficulties, however, offer unique opportunities for positive change and creative problem solving, a combination of responses that have infused our Department with energy and optimism to meet and overcome these challenges.

We understand that our Department must rely on its community partners and strong state and local collaboration in order to maintain public safety and enhance prevention of juvenile delinquency, so this year's report provides policymakers and stakeholders with recommendations on how they can assist the Department with continuing to build a comprehensive juvenile justice system.

Thank you for the opportunity to share our exciting accomplishments with you, and I hope you will join us in our efforts to provide the most effective and efficient services to the children and families of North Carolina.

Sincerely,

Lie M. Hogen

Linda W. Hayes

## 2008 Annual Report

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#### **Highlights and Results**

The Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention's mission is to promote public safety and juvenile delinquency prevention, intervention, and treatment through the operation of a seamless, comprehensive juvenile justice system. The Department's staff, in collaboration with its community partners, was able to achieve a number of positive outcomes for the citizens of North Carolina in the past year.

#### Promotion of Public Safety and Juvenile Delinquency Prevention

- The Department successfully managed juveniles in the community that, prior to the Juvenile Justice Reform Act of 1998, would have been committed to the Department. This community-focused management was without adverse consequences to the overall level of public safety.
- For the second straight year, the juvenile crime rate has decreased from 34.08 in 2007 to 31.52 in 2008 per 1,000 youth ages 6 to 15 years old in the State of North Carolina, pushing the rate to the lowest level in eight years.
- The amount of violent juvenile crime has remained steady since 2000 at about 2% to 3% of all juvenile offenses.
- Since 2000, status offenses (truancy, running away, etc) and minor misdemeanors make up about 75% of all juvenile offenses committed in a given year.

#### **Community-Based Intervention**

- In 2008, the Department supervised 13,637 juveniles ranging in age from 6 to 20 years old. (Types of supervision include probation, protective supervision, commitment, post-release supervision, continuation services, interstate compact, and others.)
- The Department provided services and programs in each of North Carolina's 100 counties and emphasized the importance of community leadership through the Juvenile Crime Prevention Councils (JCPCs).
- The Department submitted the Juvenile Crime Prevention Council Continuation Review in response to Special Provision SECTION 6.21 (c) and SECTION 6.21 (g). Over \$23 million in funding was subsequently restored to the continuation budget and an additional allocation of \$500,000 provided in part due to the JCPCs' efforts to reinforce their positive outcomes at the local level.
- The Department facilitated 39,772 admissions to community programs during the past year including 411
  admissions to Eckerd Camps, 90 admissions to Multi-Purpose Juvenile Homes, 14,333 enrollments to Support Our
  Students, 513 admissions to the Governor's One-on-One programs, and 24,425 admissions to local,
  county-based Juvenile Crime Prevention Council-funded programs.

• The Department's Multi-Purpose Juvenile Home in Macon County was refitted and reopened in July 2008 to serve the needs of western North Carolina.

#### **Education and Treatment in Secure Facilities**

- The Department provided year round education, health, and mental health services to committed youth in youth development centers and to youth in juvenile detention centers in 2008. (During this time period, there were 469 commitments to youth development centers and 7,936 admissions to detention centers).
- Of the youth committed to the Department's youth development centers, 45 earned their Graduate Equivalence Degree (GED) while in the Department's care.
- The Department opened four replacement youth development centers in 2008 (in Cabarrus, Chatham, Edgecombe and Lenoir counties). These replacement facilities are serving as the foundation of a more therapeutic approach to providing services to youth and their families.

#### **Policy Recommendations**

- The Department is building a community-based, statewide, comprehensive continuum of services which includes services directed at all of North Carolina's youth; services provided for those who are involved in juvenile court; and services provided for those who are confined in facilities.
- The Continuation Review Report on Juvenile Crime Prevention Council programming submitted to the legislature in 2008 made the following recommendations:
  - o Support early prevention;
  - o Serve youth who are "at risk" of delinquency;
  - o Review and revise the Juvenile Crime Prevention Council (JCPC) funding allocation formula;
  - o Investigate blending funds from various state agencies or funding streams to provide prevention and intervention services for youth at risk of delinquency;
  - o Recognize the need for mental health services for youth and provide funding to meet these needs;
  - o Enhance accountability and evaluation; and
  - o Fund 12 additional positions to enhance the Department's ability to improve JCPC program effectiveness, enhance program monitoring and evaluation, and develop a paperless grants management system.
- Even with the four replacement facilities coming on line in 2008, the Department still has compelling needs when it comes to youth development centers. The Department continues to operate five facilities that have an average age exceeding 60 years old. These facilities present a number of safety and security concerns for staff and students and are not conducive to a therapeutic environment. The Department seeks to complete phase I of the replacement building plan by constructing a facility in Rockingham County and to complete phases II and III of the Department's replacement plan in coming years.

- The Department submitted a Detention Center Study in 2008 to the legislature which highlighted needs associated with housing juveniles in a safe and secure environment. The findings of that study generated the following recommendations:
  - To keep staff to youth ratios at a safe, secure and controllable level, more staff are needed in state-operated detention centers. Without these positions, the State of North Carolina is placing staff and juveniles at risk of encountering violent and dangerous situations including assault and escape. Thanks to the North Carolina General Assembly, thirty of fifty-one recommended positions were allocated to detention centers in 2008.
  - The Department recommended two of the state's most unsafe facilities be replaced (Buncombe and Cumberland Regional Detention Centers) and for priority projects to continue to be funded. To ensure safety and security with regards to life safety issues multiple repair and renovation projects are in the process of completion until more adequate facilities can be funded.
  - o Since the completion of the detention study, the Department's needs have continued to grow with regards to facilities. In February 2009, Mecklenburg County announced that it would close Gatling Juvenile Detention Center in April 2009, reducing the number of beds at the Department's disposal to fewer than 300 beds for the entire State of North Carolina. This action has further strained a system that is under great stress. Not only does the loss of beds compromise community safety in Mecklenburg County and surrounding counties, it creates significant increases in cost associated with transporting juveniles to other centers and obligations, stressing not only the Department, but also many local law enforcement officials.
- In 2006, the Department conducted an internal Juvenile Court Counselor Study. This study found that the Department had a difficult time retaining juvenile court counselors due to low pay, high workloads, lack of training, and safety concerns.
  - The Department has addressed a number of these concerns through providing laptops to a number of court counselors so they can enter data away from the office; by improving the user-friendliness of the North Carolina Juvenile Online Information Network (NC-JOIN); and by offering limited training opportunities to court counselors.
  - Additional action is needed including the following: reassessing court counselor pay; providing court counselors with additional tools to give them a greater sense of security when working in the community and in neighborhoods that are often of high risk; and providing more specialized training to address the ever changing juvenile population that counselors serve as clients.
- The Department's Center for the Prevention of School Violence, in collaboration with the Department of Public Instruction, conducted the School Violence / Gang Activity Study in response to S.L. 2008 – 56 and recommended the following actions:
  - o School systems should be mandated to report on gang violence or gang crimes in the annual School Crime and Violence Report which would further delineate and expand the existing seventeen reportable offenses.

#### **Highlights and Results**

- Students who are suspended from school should continue to be provided services as an important strategy for gang prevention. Anecdotal and empirical research shows that when youth are removed from the school setting, they may seek out gangs as a replacement for structure and missing relationships.
- Funding should be made available for the development of educational prevention and intervention programs that are specifically designed to educate both parents and school personnel about how to identify a student that may be involved in or associated with a gang.
- Additional financial support should be provided to communities through the JCPCs to ensure that the resources necessary to implement school violence and gang prevention programs are available.

#### **Department's 2008 State Budget Appropriation**

Source: DJJDP Budget Operations, 2-15-09 Total Appropriation: \$161,389,888



#### **Juvenile Crime and Offenses**

#### **Juvenile Crimes and Offenses: 2008**

Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 02-12-09



### **Total Complaints by Race: 2008** Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 02-12-09

	Felo	ony	Misder	meanor	Infraction	Status	Complaints	Total %
	Class A - E	Class F - I	Class A1	Class 1 - 3				
Asian	1	48	9	136	1	17	212	<1%
Black	659	3,747	1,350	14,126	71	1,676	21,629	49%
Latino	83	370	90	1,634	35	331	2,543	6%
Multi-Racial	22	226	48	622	3	172	1,093	2%
Native American	10	133	44	464	2	103	756	2%
Other	0	21	5	68	2	19	115	<1%
Pacific Islander	0	4	2	15	0	3	24	<1%
Unknown	1	3	6	94	3	25	132	<1%
White	261	2,772	760	10,845	105	2,550	17,293	39%
Total:	1,037	7,324	2,314	28,004	222	4,896	43,797	100%



Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 2-12-09



Juvenile crime in North Carolina's juvenile justice system is defined as the number of delinquent complaints received by the court services offices.



Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 2-12-09



Status offenses are offenses which are not crimes if committed by a person sixteen years old or older. (e.g. truancy)



Juvenile crime rate is defined as the number of delinquent complaints received by the court services offices per 1,000 youth ages 6-15 years old.

#### **Youth Development Center Data**

#### **Youth Development Center Data**

Youth development centers provide long-term education, treatment, and rehabilitative services to youth who are committed to the Department as a dispositional sanction. In 2008, the Department operated nine youth development centers statewide.

#### **Youth Development Center Commitments**



#### **Youth Development Center Trends**

Average daily population is the average number of committed youth on any given day in the calendar year. Average length of stay is the average number of days that a youth would be committed.

Since 2000, there have been fewer youth committed to youth development centers; however, the juveniles that have been committed are staying for longer lengths of time. These trends have stabilized over the last few years.

#### Average Daily Population and Average Length of Stay



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#### Youth Development Center Demographic Data

N = 469 | Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 2-12-09

				Age at	Commi	tment		
Gender	Race	11	13	14	15	16	17	Total
Female	Black	0	0	8	13	8	0	29
	Multi-Racial	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
	Native American	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
	White	0	0	0	5	4	1	10
Female Total		0	0	9	20	13	2	44
Male	Asian	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	Black	1	14	44	152	110	22	343
	Latino	0	1	7	3	4	0	15
	Multi-Racial	0	0	3	1	4	0	8
	Native American	0	3	1	1	1	0	6
	White	0	1	7	17	21	6	52
Male Total		1	19	62	174	141	28	425
Total		1	19	71	194	154	30	469

#### Demographics of Detention Admissions, 2008

Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 2-12-09



#### Age at Admission

Race

8-					
Age	Total	Percentage	Race	Total	Percentage
<9	1	0.01%	Asian	27	0.34%
9	10	0.13%	Black	4,911	61.88%
10	12	0.15%	Latino	353	4.45%
11	74	0.93%	Multi-Racial	209	2.63%
12	246	3.10%	Native Ameri	can 196	2.47%
13	679	8.56%	Other	13	0.16%
14	1,817	22.90%	Pacific Island	er 2	0.03%
15	3,231	40.71%	Unknown	9	0.07%
16	1,560	19.66%	White	2,216	27.92%
17	300	3.78%	Total	7,936	100.00%
18	2	0.03%			
19	4	0.05%			
Total	7,936	100.00%			

#### 2003 - 2008 Juveniles Detained and Detention Admissions

Data Source: NC-JOIN, Accessed 2-12-09



#### Juveniles Detained

Detention Admissions\*

\*A single juvenile may have more than one admission, and totals include admissions from reservations

Detention centers are short-term, secure care facilities for youth who are waiting to go to court, need secure custody until another placement can be found, or are being detained as part of a dispositional sanction.

#### **Risks and Needs**

#### **Risks and Needs of Youth and Families at Disposition, 2008**

(2% not assessed), N=8,956

#### **Risk and Needs Factors**

- 11% were under 12 at the time of their first referral
- 58% had a prior referral to juvenile court intake, of these:
  - o 33% had 2 or more prior referrals to juvenile court intake
- 37% had prior adjudications in court, of these:
  - o 1% were for Class A-E Felonies (violent)
  - o 11% were for Felony F-I, A1 Misdemeanors (serious)
  - o 20% were for Class 1-3 Misdemeanors (minor)
  - o 5% were for Undisciplined/Status offenses
- 27% had prior complaints involving assault or affray
- 23% had a prior history of running away
- 42% had evidence of substance abuse requiring further assessment or treatment
- 61% had serious problems in school during the past 12 months
- 42% had negative peer associations, of which 13% reported association with gangs
- 34% of parents were unwilling or unable to supervise the juvenile



The North Carolina risk and needs assessments are completed for juveniles at disposition. The assessments help court services staff to best understand the individual risk and needs of the juvenile and his or her family. These assessments measure factors linked to delinquency through the domains of family, school, peers, individual, and the community.

After completing the assessments, court counselors determine the level of and type of supervision needed as well as the individualized plan of care. One juvenile may have multiple dispositions during a calendar year and risks and needs may vary. Needs assessments are also completed every 90 days while a juvenile is on court ordered supervision.

#### **Community Programs Map, 2008**



#### Area Services Map, 2008





#### Juvenile Crime Rates, Detention Admissions and Complaints by County in 2008

Area Total: 9,395

8,696		699		
•	nuent		Undisciplined	
Complaints	•	Compl	aints	
Status Offens Admissions (I			e Crime Rate, Dete 008)	ntion
County			Delinquent Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-15	Detention Center Admissions
Beaufort		3.11	28.19	19
Bertie		2.49	30.69	37
Camden		1.94	2.35	0
Carteret		1.39	31.18	24
Chowan		5.30	50.16	23
Craven		2.13	33.85	50
Currituck		5.60	27.93	18
Dare		5.14	54.29	21
Duplin		1.06	18.54	33
Edgecombe		).77	33.76	26
Gates		2.96	25.40	13
Greene		0.56	45.18	13
Halifax		1.64	54.35	84
Hertford		1.65	22.76	27
Hyde		1.62	30.30	
Jones		2.46	23.70	4
Lenoir		0.31	41.41	78
Martin		4.03	34.07	18
Nash		0.94	61.84	57
New Hanover		1.83	37.04	101
Northampton		3.89	39.47	26
Onslow		4.64	44.18	156
Pamlico		5.16 5.27	<u>41.21</u> 28.21	4
Pasquotank				9
Pender		).92 3.90	<u>32.36</u> 26.30	<u> </u>
Perquimans Pitt		1.83	50.49	147
		1.03	48.84	147
Sampson Tyrrell		1.97	66.81	3
Washington		+.∠ı 4.17	58.11	20
Wayne		+. 17 5.94	41.31	196
Wayne		1.90	45.55	70
Eastern Area		2.71	<u>40.76</u>	1,457
	2		-0.70	

**Eastern Area** 



#### Community Program Data and Youth Development Center Commitments by County in 2008

**Community Program Participation\*** 

Area Total: 132

			Eckerd		One-on
County	JCPC	SOS	Camps	MPJH*	* -One
Beaufort	51	119	1	2	5
Bertie	23	47	0	1	0
Camden	163	87	0	0	0
Carteret	221	220	8	0	0
Chowan	129	72	1	0	4
Craven	389	41	9	8	0
Currituck	65	97	8	0	0
Dare	104	51	7	2	16
Duplin	768	119	4	0	0
Edgecombe	144	109	1	0	0
Gates	73	49	1	0	0
Greene	80	53	0	0	4
Halifax	246	172	2	6	0
Hertford	18	63	0	2	0
Hyde	15	53	0	0	0
Jones	155	11	1	0	0
Lenoir	306	92	2	4	28
Martin	213	65	0	3	0
Nash	224	0	2	0	0
New Hanover	319	0	7	0	23
Northampton	37	167	0	3	0
Onslow	453	0	10	0	13
Pamlico	60	72	2	0	0
Pasquotank	141	74	1	1	3
Pender	146	0	2	0	0
Perquimans	61	101	0	1	4
Pitt	364	901	8	6	16
Sampson	279	0	0	0	0
Tyrrell	80	65	0	0	0
Washington	38	80	0	1	0
Wayne	735	92	3	16	29
Wilson	232	159	2	0	14
Totals	6,332	3,231	82	56	159



Program admission data reflect admissions to DJJDP funded programs in the community. The Juvenile Crime Prevention Councils (JCPCs) partner with the State to develop community-based services in the following categories: guided growth; counseling; home-based family; psychological; residential care; restitution; and restorative justice. To learn more about Department programs visit our website at www.ncdjjdp.org

\*Program participation calculated by 2007-2008 school year.

\*\*Multi-Purpose Juvenile Homes

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#### Juvenile Crime Rates, Detention Admissions and Complaints by County in 2008

Area Total: 12,051

10,751	1,300
Total Delinquent	Total Undisciplined
Complaints	Complaints

Status Offense Rate, Juvenile Crime Rate, Detention Admissions (Central Area, 2008)

County	Undisciplined Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-17	Delinquent Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-15	Detention Center Admissions
Alamance	2.34	33.24	118
Bladen	1.28	14.62	22
Brunswick	2.64	44.74	67
Caswell	6.28	18.54	16
Chatham	2.22	22.43	24
Columbus	5.89	28.26	21
Cumberland	2.06	40.24	631
Durham	3.94	26.56	388
Franklin	6.08	32.54	36
Granville	2.94	28.65	25
Harnett	2.22	23.92	60
Hoke	6.95	26.47	68
Johnston	1.09	19.39	48
Lee	4.13	44.06	30
Orange	1.59	22.46	63
Person	8.53	38.58	54
Robeson	3.47	43.31	155
Scotland	7.98	61.26	57
Vance	10.28 22.31		61
Wake	1.77	21.09	965
Warren	5.96	36.90	15
Central Area	2.87	28.54	2,924



Statewide undisciplined rate: **3.29** Statewide delinquency rate: **31.52** 



#### Community Program Data and Youth Development Center Commitments by County in 2008

Area Total: 156

Community Program Participation*						
County	JCPC	SOS	Eckerd Camps	MPJH**	One-on -One	
Alamance	968	78	6	3	0	
Bladen	85	142	2	0	0	
Brunswick	239	478	12	0	0	
Caswell	142	79	1	0	0	
Chatham	182	34	1	1	6	
Columbus	157	70	2	0	2	
Cumberland	1140	65	17	0	30	
Durham	562	526	7	0	41	
Franklin	105	63	3	0	0	
Granville	121	60	3	0	0	
Harnett	384	36	9	0	9	
Hoke	70	0	1	2	0	
Johnston	167	77	3	0	0	
Lee	167	87	3	0	7	
Orange	522	1044	3	2	8	
Person	183	82	1	0	0	
Robeson	401	65	6	9	0	
Scotland	209	36	2	3	15	
Vance	92	105	9	0	0	
Wake	876	298	44	0	14	
Warren	56	130	0	0	1	
Totals	6,828	3,555	135	20	133	



Program admission data reflect admissions to DJJDP funded programs in the community. The Juvenile Crime Prevention Councils (JCPCs) partner with the State to develop community-based services in the following categories: guided growth; counseling; home-based family; psychological; residential care; restitution; and restorative justice. To learn more about Department programs visit our website at www.ncdjjdp.org



Youth development center commitments reflect the number of youth assigned to one of the State's nine secure residential facilities. These facilities provide long-term education, treatment, and rehabilitative services to delinquent youth committed by the court to the Department.



#### Juvenile Crime Rates, Detention Admissions and Complaints by County in 2008

Area Total: 14,494

13,2421,252Total DelinquentTotal UndisciplinedComplaintsComplaints

Status Offense Rate, Juvenile Crime Rate, Detention Admissions (Piedmont Area, 2008)

County	Undisciplined Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-17	Delinquent Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-15	Detention Center Admissions
Alexander	0.65	22.63	28
Anson	0.24	46.58	12
Cabarrus	2.18	19.53	58
Davidson	2.10	29.69	128
Davie	4.48	25.87	32
Forsyth	2.99	23.50	293
Guilford	1.97	45.96	587
Iredell	0.98	34.79	94
Mecklenburg	1.69	29.38	889
Montgomery	3.21	40.65	9
Moore	3.66	42.75	42
Randolph	2.82	25.02	60
Richmond	3.04	29.67	54
Rockingham	9.80	28.60	90
Rowan	3.85	29.52	75
Stanly	0.71	21.10	26
Stokes	5.06 45.34		12
Surry	5.08 25.66 24		
Union	0.63	16.49	79
Piedmont Are	a 2.38	30.22	2,592



Statewide undisciplined rate: **3.29** Statewide delinquency rate: **31.52** 



#### **Community Program Data and Youth Development Center Commitments by County in 2008**

Area Total: 159

Community	Program	Participat	ion*		
County	JCPC	SOS	Eckerd Camps	MPJH**	One-on -One
Alexander	72	60	3	0	0
Anson	79	99	0	0	9
Cabarrus	401	0	7	0	0
Davidson	321	59	4	0	0
Davie	44	93	7	0	0
orsyth	615	224	13	0	12
Guilford	1,638	152	19	0	31
redell	307	135	6	0	0
/lecklenburg	668	188	9	0	0
Nontgomery	72	253	2	0	0
loore	187	0	11	2	27
Randolph	199	91	3	1	3
Richmond	90	168	3	0	0
Rockingham	377	123	5	0	10
Rowan	377	83	1	0	16
Stanly	99	92	2	0	1
Stokes	132	141	2	0	0
Surry	172	0	6	0	10
Jnion	143	134	2	0	0
otals	5,993	2,095	105	3	119

\*Program participation calculated by 2007-2008 school year. \*\*Multi-Purpose Juvenile Homes

Program admission data reflect admissions to DJJDP funded programs in the community. The Juvenile Crime Prevention Councils (JCPCs) partner with the State to develop community-based services in the following categories: guided growth; counseling; home-based family; psychological; residential care; restitution; and restorative justice. To learn more about Department programs visit our website at www.ncdjjdp.org

Youth development center commitments reflect the number of youth assigned to one of the State's nine secure residential facilities. These facilities provide long-term education, treatment, and rehabilitative services to delinguent youth committed by the court to the Department.

Stokes

1

4

Davidson

4

0

Anson

Stanly

an

JS

Rockingham

6

Guilford 46

Randolph

1

Montgomery

Richmond

3

Moore

31 and more



#### Juvenile Crime Rates, Detention Admissions and Complaints by County in 2008

Area Total: 7,857

6,212	1,645
Total Delinquent	Status Undisciplined
Complaints	Complaints

#### Status Offense Rate, Juvenile Crime Rate, Detention Admissions (Western Area, 2008)

Admissions (Western Area, 2000)			
5	Undisciplined Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-17	Delinquent Rate Per 1,000 Age 6-15	Detention Center Admission
Alleghany	2.70	52.16	10
Ashe	5.13	23.70	4
Avery	4.04	22.37	9
Buncombe	5.81	23.91	81
Burke	5.06	27.05	36
Caldwell	7.80	31.21	52
Catawba	4.25	27.46	82
Cherokee	5.95	20.51	11
Clay	9.84	44.12	6
Cleveland	7.19	29.17	50
Gaston	7.82	36.04	227
Graham	4.96	8.86	1
Haywood	14.35	26.51	81
Henderson	6.17	21.51	33
Jackson	8.80	35.12	19
Lincoln	4.00	29.21	19
Macon	14.42	27.92	22
Madison	5.92	15.32	2
McDowell	9.19	38.35	19
Mitchell	2.75	35.97	8
Polk	5.74	12.64	6 L
Rutherford	4.15	34.70	18
Swain	5.37	41.58	7
Transylvania	7.03	50.41	8
Watauga	10.26	42.64	15
Wilkes	7.43	49.90	64
Yadkin	4.95	25.02	26
Yancey	9.45	20.95	0
Western Are	a 6.64	30.15	916



Statewide undisciplined rate: **3.29** Statewide delinquency rate: **31.52** 



#### Community Program Data and Youth Development Center Commitments by County in 2008

Area Total: 22



\*Program participation calculated by 2007-2008 school year. \*\*Multi-Purpose Juvenile Homes

visit our website at www.ncdjjdp.org

#### **Contact Information**

#### **Contact Information**

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Physical Location 3010 Hammond Business Place Raleigh, N.C. 27603 Website: www.ncdjjdp.org

#### **Management Team**

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Dr. Robin Jenkins Chief Operating Officer

Teresa Price Deputy Secretary Community Programs

Kathy Dudley Deputy Secretary Facilities Operations

Dr. Martin Pharr Deputy Secretary Treatment and Education Services

David Jones Deputy Secretary Administration

Michael Rieder Deputy Secretary Court Services



#### **Annual Report Committee**

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Stan Clarkson Research Director

Megan Howell Research Assistant & Data Analyst

Pam Westfall Research Assistant

Brent E. Brafford Webmaster & Graphic Designer

The North Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention is an Equal Opportunity Employer.

For additional information about the Department, please visit the Department's website at: www.ncdjjdp.org